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## What Is Claimed Is:

- An isolated polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence identical to a portion of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, wherein the amino terminus of said polypeptide is residue 4 of SEQ ID NO:2 and the carboxy terminus is residue m, wherein m is any residue from residue 48 to residue 93 of SEQ ID NO:2; and
- (b) a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence identical to that of(a), except for at least one amino acid substitution.
  - The polypeptide of claim 1, which is (a).
  - 3. The polypeptide of claim 1, which is (b).
- 4. The polypeptide of claim 2, which is an antagonist of Chemokine  $\beta$ -6 (Ck $\beta$ -6).
- 5. The polypeptide of claim 3, which is an antagonist of Chemokine  $\beta\text{--}6$  (Ck $\beta\text{--}6$ ).
- 6. The polypeptide of claim 2, having the amino acid sequence Pro (4) to Arg (73) of SEQ ID NO:2.
  - The polypeptide of claim 2, with a Met residue at the N-terminus
  - The polypeptide of claim 3, with a Met residue at the N-terminus.
  - The polypeptide of claim 6, with a Met residue at the N-terminus.

- An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding the polypeptide of claim 1.
- A method for making a recombinant vector comprising inserting the nucleic acid molecule of claim 10 into a vector.
  - A recombinant vector produced by the method of claim 11.
- A method of making a recombinant host cell comprising introducing the recombinant vector of claim 12 into a host cell.
  - 14. A recombinant host cell produced by the method of claim 13.
  - 15. A method for producing a polypeptide comprising culturing the host cell of claim 14 under conditions such that said polypeptide is expressed and recovering said polypeptide.
  - 16. A method for treating diseases and disorders selected from the group consisting of: autoimmune diseases, inflammation, rheumatoid arthritis, atherosclerosis, allergies, dermatitis, chronic urticaria, adult respiratory distress syndrome, asthma, rhinitis, eczema and infectious diseases comprising:

administercing to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of the polypeptide of claim 1.

- The method of claim 16, wherein said polypeptide inhibits activation or mobilization of cosinophils.
- The method of claim 16, wherein said polypeptide inhibits activation or mobilization of basophils.

- The method of claim 16, wherein said polypeptide binds
  Chemokine Receptor-3.
  - An isolated polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence identical to a portion of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, wherein the amino terminus of said polypeptide is residue 2 of SEQ ID NO:2 and the carboxy terminus is residue m, wherein m is any residue from residue 48 to residue 93 of SEQ ID NO:2; and
  - (b) a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence identical to a portion of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, wherein the amino terminus of said polypeptide is residue 3 of SEQ ID NO:2 and the carboxy terminus is residue m, wherein m is any residue from residue 48 to residue 93 of SEQ ID NO:2; and
    - (c) a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence identical to a portion of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, wherein the amino terminus of said polypeptide is residue 1 of SEQ ID NO:2 and the carboxy terminus is residue m, wherein m is any residue from residue 48 to residue 92 of SEQ ID NO:2;
    - (d) a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence identical to that of
      (a), except for at least one amino acid substitution;
    - (e) a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence identical to that of
      (b), except for at least one amino acid substitution; and
    - (f) a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence identical to that of
      (c), except for at least one amino acid substitution.
      - The isolated polypeptide of claim 20, which is (a).

- 22. The isolated polypeptide of claim 20, which is (b).
- 23. The isolated polypeptide of claim 20, which is (c).
- 24. The isolated polypeptide of claim 20, which is (d).
- 25. The isolated polypeptide of claim 20, which is (e).
- 26. The isolated polypeptide of claim 20, which is (f).
- 27. The isolated polypeptide of claim 20, which is an agonist of  $\text{Ck}\beta$ -6.
- 28. The isolated polypeptide of claim 20, having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2 selected from the group consisting of: Val (1) to Arg (73); Val (2) to Arg (73); Ile (3) to Arg (73); Val (1) to Arg (75); Val (1) to Ala (76); and Val (1) to Ala (78).
  - The polypeptide of claim 20, with a Met residue at the N-terminus.
  - 30. The polypeptide of claim 28, with a Met residue at the N-terminus.
  - 31. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding the polypeptide of claim 20.
  - A method for making a recombinant vector comprising inserting the nucleic acid molecule of claim 31 into a vector.
    - 33. A recombinant vector produced by the method of claim 32.

- 34. A method of making a recombinant host cell comprising introducing the recombinant vector of claim 33 into a host cell.
  - A recombinant host cell produced by the method of claim 34.
  - 36. A method for producing a polypeptide comprising culturing the host cell of claim 35 under conditions such that said polypeptide is expressed and recovering said polypeptide.
    - 37. A method for activating or mobilizing basophils or cosinophils comprising: administering to a patient in need therof an effective amound of the polpeptide of claim 20.
    - 38. The method of claim 37, wherein said polypeptide is injected into said patient to increase local eosinophil or basophil infiltration.
    - 39. The method of claim 37, wherein said polypeptide stimulates histamine release.
    - 40. A method of myeloprotection comprising an effective amount of the polypeptide of claim 20 to a patient undergoing chemotherapy.